

FROM CONFLICT TO RESOLUTION DISCIPLINE & MEDIATION

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PROGRAM OUTLINE

- REVIEW OF ADMINISTRATIVE DISCIPLINE
- MEDIATION A MECHANISM TO RESOLVE INTERPERSONAL DIFFICULTIES
- THE PROCESS OF MEDIATION
- QUALITIES OF FACILITATOR
- FUTURE TRAINING SKILLS FOR FACILITATOR

SCENARIOS

- Show disrespect in meeting
- Refuse to follow procedures
- Make excessive phone calls for no purpose
- Spill coffee on person numerous times
- Not wear uniform properly

ADMINISTRATIVE DISCIPLINE

- Source Chapter 3, Auxiliary Manual
- Initiation
 - Elected leader initiates
 - Auxiliarist requests investigation
- Investigation begins
 - An investigator may be appointed
- At conclusion of investigation, three general options
 - No action
 - Informal counseling
 - Formal sanctions
- If problem is interpersonal/interactive, problem still remains

MECHANICS OF INTERPERSONAL CONFLICT RESOLUTION

- Use of facilitator third person
- Appointed by elected leader
- Differs from conventional mediation
 - No complete confidentiality for parties
 - No immunity to mediators

WHAT IS PROCESS OF CONFLICT RESOLUTION?

- Step 1: All parties and facilitator meet jointly
- Step 2: Each side makes a statement as to her grievances

Why: Lets everyone know precisely what the problem is as each party sees it

PROCESS OF CONFLICT RESOLUTION

- Step 3: Facilitator meets each party separately
 - Purpose: To explore what each side is willing to give up in exchange for other side's concessions
- Step 4: Facilitator shuttles between participants

PROCESS OF CONFLICT RESOLUTION

- Step 5A: If resolution reached -
 - bring parties back together
 - state terms of resolution
- Step 6A: Put agreement in writing for both sides to sign
 - both sides know what to expect going forward

PROCESS OF CONFLICT RESOLUTION

- Step 5B: Indicia of no resolution:
 - Further session will not move towards agreement
 - Refusal to participate further
 - Stonewalling
- Step 6B: No Agreement
- Step 7B: May end up in Administrative Discipline

QUALITIES OF A FACILITATOR

- KEY CHARACTERISTICS NEEDED
- APPROACHES FOR FACILITATOR

QUESTION 1:

Should facilitator be a person who has prior knowledge of the dispute?

RESPONSE 1:

- No
- Why not?
- To maintain objectivity

QUESTION 2:

Should facilitator be someone who has a close relationship with the parties?

RESPONSE 2:

- No
- Why?
- To maintain impartiality

QUESTION 3:

Should facilitator impose her sense of the right solutions on the parties?

RESPONSE 3:

- No
- Why not?
- Facilitator does not dictate the terms of resolution
- The terms must be comfortable to the participants

QUESTION 4:

If facilitator is not to impose her views, what then is she doing?

RESPONSE 4:

- Why?
- Facilitator controls process of conflict resolution – respect, orderliness
- Not controlling the outcome of the discussion
- Not controlling the terms of resolution

QUESTION 5:

Should facilitator provide suggestions as to how the dispute may be resolved?

RESPONSE 5:

- Yes
- Why?
- To provide parties different ways to see the conflict
- To provide possible alternatives to settling differences

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QUESTION 6:

Should facilitator be patient with the participants?

RESPONSE 6:

- Yes
- Why?
- Provide supportive environment for participants to come up with solutions

QUESTION 7:

Should facilitator maintain confidences of the parties?

RESPONSE 7 – CONFIDENCES

- Yes
- Why?
- To promote a willingness of parties to discuss freely

Note: If parties want to talk to others, that's their choice

RESPONSE No. 7 – CONFIDENCES

- Should intermediary disclose to Auxiliary leadership?
- Generally, no.
- Written agreement labeled "Confidential"
- Give agreement to Human Resources officer, if possible

RESPONSE 7 – NO CONFIDENCE

- Exception Discover illegal conduct
- Exception Gold side may ask

FUTURE TRAINING

- Video training
- Mock Mediation training (?)
- On-hands training (?)

ANY QUESTIONS?

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